

STANDARD-CLEANING AND CONTINUOUS-CLEANING ELECTRIC RANGES

MODELS FEP330B FEP350B FEC330B

A Note To You

Thank you for buying a Roper® appliance.

You have purchased a quality, world-class home appliance. Years of engineering experience have gone into its manufacturing. To ensure that you will enjoy many years of trouble-free operation, we have developed this Use and Care Guide. It is full of valuable information on how to operate and maintain your appliance properly and safely. Please read it carefully. Also, please complete and mail the Ownership Registration Card provided with your appliance. This will help us notify you about any new information on your appliance.

Your safety is important to us.

This guide contains safety symbols and statements. Please pay special attention to these symbols and follow any instructions given. Here is a brief explanation of the use of each symbol.

AWARNING

This symbol will help alert you to such dangers as personal injury, burns, fire and electrical shock.

ACAUTION

This symbol will help you avoid actions which could cause product damage (scratches, dents, etc.) and damage to your personal property.

Our toll-free number, 1-800-44-ROPER (1-800-447-6737), is available 24 hours a day.

If you ever have a question concerning your appliance's operation, or if you need service, first see "If You Need Assistance Or Service" on page 27. If you need further help, feel free to call us. When calling, you will need to know your appliance's complete model number and serial number. You can find this information on the model and serial number plate (see diagram on page 6). For your convenience, we have included a handy place below for you to record these numbers, the purchase date from the sales slip and your dealer's name and telephone number. Keep this book and the sales slip together in a safe place for future reference.

Model Number	Dealer Name
Serial Number	Dealer Phone
Purchase Date	

Important Safety Instructions

AWARNING

To reduce the risk of fire, electrical shock, injury to persons, or damage when using the range, follow basic precautions, including the following:

General

- Read all instructions before using the range.
- Install or locate the range only in accordance with the provided Installation Instructions.
 The range must be installed by a qualified installer. The range must be properly connected to electrical supply and grounded.





- WARNING: To reduce the risk of tipping of the appliance, the appliance must be secured by a properly installed anti-tip bracket. To check if the bracket is installed properly, see "The anti-tip bracket" on page 18.
- CAUTION: Do not store things children might want above the range. Children could be burned or injured while climbing on it.
- Do not leave children alone or unattended in area where the range is in use. They should never be allowed to sit or stand on any part of the range. They could be burned or injured.
- Do not operate the range if it is damaged or not working properly.
- Do not use the range for warming or heating the room.
 Persons could be burned or injured, or a fire could start.

 Use the range only for its intended use as described in this manual.



 Do not touch surface units. areas near surface units, heating elements or interior surfaces or oven. Surface units and heating elements may be hot even though they are dark in color. Areas near surface units and interior surfaces of an oven become hot enough to cause burns. During and after use, do not touch, or let clothing or other flammable materials contact surface units, areas near units, heating elements or interior surfaces of oven until they have had sufficient time to cool. Other surfaces of the range, such as the oven vent opening, the surface near the vent opening, the cooktop, and the oven door and window, could also become hot enough to cause burns.



 Do not wear loose or hanging garments when using the range. They could ignite if they touch a hot surface unit and you could be burned.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

- Use only dry potholders. Moist or damp potholders on hot surfaces may result in burns from steam.
 Do not let potholder touch hot heating elements. Do not use a towel or bulky cloth for a potholder. It could catch on fire.
- Keep range vents unobstructed.
- Do not heat unopened containers. They could explode. The hot contents could cause burns and container particles could cause injury.
- Do not store flammable materials on or near the range. The fumes can create an explosion and/or fire hazard.

When using the cooktop

- Make sure the reflector bowls are in place during cooking.
 Cooking without reflector bowls may subject the wiring and components underneath them to damage.
- Do not line reflector bowls with aluminum foil or other liners.
 Improper installation of these liners may result in a risk of electric shock or fire.
- Select a pan with a flat bottom that is about the same size as the surface unit. If pan is smaller than the surface unit, some of the heating element will be exposed and may result in the igniting of clothing or potholders. Correct pan size also improves cooking efficiency.

- Check to be sure glass cooking utensils are safe for use on the range. Only certain types of glass, glass-ceramic, ceramic, earthenware or other glazed utensils are suitable for cooktops without breaking due to the sudden change in temperature.
- Never leave surface units unattended at high heat settings. A boilover could result and cause smoking and greasy spillovers that may ignite.





 Turn pan handles inward, but not over other surface units.
 This will help reduce the chance of burns, igniting of flammable materials, and spills due to bumping of the pan.

When using the oven

- Always position oven rack(s) in desired location while oven is cool. If a rack must be removed while oven is hot, do not let potholder contact hot heating element in oven.
- Use care when opening oven door. Let hot air or steam escape before removing or replacing food.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Grease

 Grease is flammable. Do not allow grease to collect around cooktop or in vents. Wipe spillovers immediately.



•Do not use water on grease fires. Never pick up a flaming pan. Smother flaming pan on range by covering with a wellfitted lid, cookie sheet or flat tray. Flaming grease outside of pan can be extinguished with baking soda or, if available, a multipurpose dry chemical or foam-type extinguisher.

Care and cleaning

Do not soak removable heating elements in water. The element will be damaged and shock or fire could result.



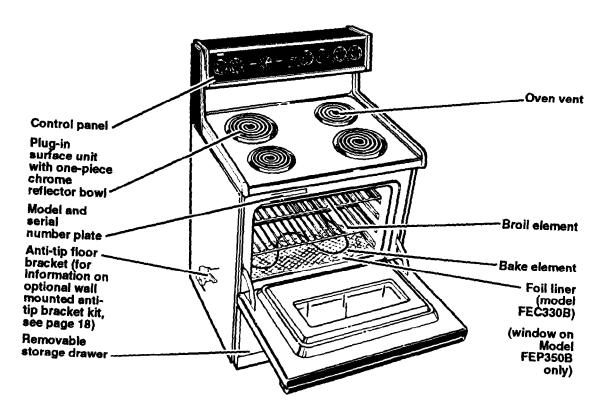
- Do not use oven cleaners in continuous-cleaning oven. No commercial oven cleaner or oven liner protective coating of any kind should be used in or around any part of the oven.
- Do not clean door heat seal. It is essential for a good seal. Care should be taken not to rub, damage or move the seal. Clean only parts recommended in this Use and Care Guide.
- Do not repair or replace any part of the range unless specifically recommended in this manual. All other servicing should be referred to a qualified technician.
- •Disconnect the electrical supply before servicing the range.

- SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS -

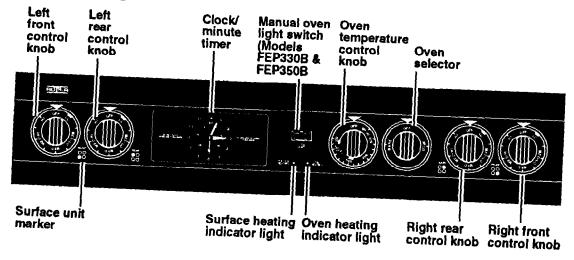
PARTS AND FEATURES

Parts And Features

This section contains captioned illustrations of your range. Use them to become familiar with the location and appearance of all parts and features.



Control panel



Using Your Range

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To obtain the best cooking results possible, you must operate your range properly. This section gives you important information for efficient and safe use of your range.

Using the surface units

Push in control knobs before turning them to a setting. You can set them anywhere between HI and OFF.

Surface unit markers

The solid dot in the surface unit marker shows which surface unit is turned on by that knob.

Surface heating indicator light

The SURFACE HEATING Indicator Light on the control panel will glow when a surface unit is turned on.

AWARNING

Burn and Fire Hazard

Be sure all control knobs are turned to OFF and all indicator lights are OFF when you are not cooking.

Someone could be burned or a fire could start if a surface unit is accidentally left ON.



Until you get used to the settings, use the following as a guide. For best results, start cooking at the high setting; then turn the control knob down to continue cooking.

SETTING	RECOMMENDED USE
HI	To start foods cooking.To bring liquids to a boil.
MED-HI	To hold a rapid boil.To fry chicken or pancakes.
MED	 For gravy, pudding and icing. To cook large amounts of vegetables.
MED-LO	 To keep food cooking after starting it on a higher setting.
LO	To keep food warm until ready to serve.

Cookware tips

- Select a pan that is about the same size as the surface unit.
- NOTE: For best results and greater energy efficiency, use only flat-bottomed cookware that makes good contact with the surface units. Cookware with rounded, warped, ribbed (such as some porcelain enamelware) or dented bottoms could cause severe overheating, which damages the cookware and/or surface unit.

You can, however, use newer cookware with slightly indented bottoms or very small expansion channels. This cookware is specially designed to provide the good contact needed for best cooking results.

Also, woks, canners and teakettles with flat bottoms suitable for use on your cooktop are now available in most stores that sell housewares.

- The pan should have straight sides and a tight-fitting lid.
- Choose medium to heavy gauge (thickness) pans that are fairly lightweight.
- The pan material (metal or glass) affects how fast heat transfers from the surface unit through the pan material and how evenly heat spreads over the pan bottom. Choose pans that provide the best cooking results.

 Handles should be made of sturdy, heatresistant material and be securely attached to the pan.

ACAUTION

Product Damage Hazard

- If a surface unit stays red for a long time, the bottom of the pan is not flat enough or is too small for the surface unit. Prolonged usage of incorrect utensils for long periods of time could result in damage to the surface unit, cooktop, wiring and surrounding areas. To prevent damage, use correct utensils, start cooking on HI and turn control down to continue cooking.
- Do not leave an empty utensil, or one which has boiled dry, on a hot surface unit. The utensil could overheat and could damage the utensil or surface unit.

Home canning information

To protect your range:

- Use flat-bottomed canners/pans for best results.
- Use the largest surface unit for best results. Also, use a canner/pan which can be centered over the surface unit and which does not extend more than one inch outside surface unit area. Large diameter canners/pans, if not properly centered, trap heat and can cause damage to the cooktop.
- Do not place canner on two surface units at the same time. Too much heat will build up and will damage the cooktop.
- Start with hot water. This reduces the time the control is set on high. Reduce heat setting to lowest position needed to keep water boiling.
- Keep reflector bowls clean for best heat reflection.
- To prolong the life of the elements:
- Prepare small batches at a time.
- Do not use elements for canning all day.

Optional canning kit

The large diameter of most water-bath or pressure canners combined with high heat settings for long periods of time can shorten the life of regular surface units and cause damage to the cooktop.

If you plan to use the cooktop for canning, we recommend the installation of a Canning Kit. Order the kit (Part No. 242905) from your Roper dealer or authorized Roper service company.

Positioning racks and pans

For baking/roasting with one rack, place the rack so the top of the food will be centered in the oven.

Rack placement for specific foods:

FOOD	RACK POSITION
Frozen pies, large roasts, turkeys	Lowest level or 2nd level from bottom
Angel and bundt cakes, most quick breads, yeast breads, casseroles, meats	2nd level from bottom
Cookies, biscuits, muffins, cakes, nonfrozen pies	2nd or 3rd level from bottom

When baking on two racks, arrange racks on bottom and third level from bottom.

NOTE: For recommended rack placement when broiling, see "Broiling rack position chart" on page 15.

AWARNING

Personal Injury Hazard

- Always position oven rack(s) in desired location before turning oven on. Be sure the rack(s) is level.
- If rack(s) must be moved while oven is hot, use potholders or oven mitts to protect hands.

Failure to follow the above precautions could result in personal injury.

For best air circulation

The hot air must circulate around the pans in the oven for even heat to reach all parts of the oven. This results in better baking.

- Place the pans so that one is not directly over the other.
- For best results, allow 1½ to 2 inches (4-5 cm) of space around each pan and between pans and oven walls. There must be a minimum space of 1 inch (2.5 cm).
- Use only one cookie sheet in the oven at one time.

Use the following as a guide to determine where to place the pans:

One pan

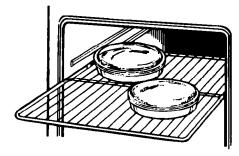
Place in the center of the oven rack.

Two pans

Place in opposite corners of the oven rack.

Three or four pans

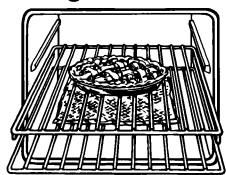
Place in opposite corners on each oven rack. Stagger pans so no pan is directly over another.



Using aluminum foil for baking

Use aluminum foil to catch spillovers from pies or casseroles:

- Place the foil on the oven rack below the rack with the food. Turn up foil edges and make sure foil is about 1 inch (2.5 cm) larger all around than the dish holding the food.
- Do not cover the entire rack with aluminum foil. It will reduce air circulation and cause poor cooking results.
- **Do not line** oven bottom with foil or other liners. Poor baking will result.



AWARNING

Electrical Shock and Fire Hazard

Do not allow foil to touch the heating elements.

Failure to follow this precaution could result in electrical shock or fire hazard and damage to the elements.

Setting the clock

Push in and turn the Minute Timer Knob to set the clock.

1. Push In Minute Timer Knob and turn clockwise until clock shows the correct time of day.



 Let the Minute Timer Knob pop out.
 Turn clockwise until Minute Timer hand points to OFF. The clock setting will change if you push in the knob when turning.



Using the Minute Timer

The Minute Timer does not start or stop the oven. It works like a kitchen timer. Set it in minutes up to an hour. You will hear a buzzer when the set time is up.

NOTE: Do not push in the knob when setting the Minute Timer or when stopping the buzzer. Pushing in and turning the Minute Timer Knob changes the clock setting.

- Without pushing it in, turn the Minute Timer Knob counterclockwise until the timer hand passes the setting you want.
- 2. Without pushing it in, turn the knob back to the setting you want. When the time is up, a buzzer will sound. To stop the buzzer, turn the Minute Timer hand to OFF.





Baking/roasting

- Position the rack(s) properly before turning on the oven. To change rack position, lift rack at front and pull out. For further information, see "Positioning racks and pans" on page 9.
- 2. Set the Oven Selector to BAKE.
- Set the Oven Temperature Control Knob to the baking/roasting temperature you want. The OVEN HEATING Indicator Light will come on. The oven is preheated when the OVEN HEATING Indicator Light first goes off.

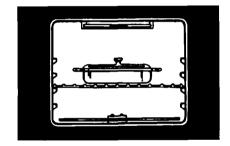
NOTE: Do not preheat oven when roasting or cooking items such as casseroles.

4. Put food in the oven. During baking/ roasting, the elements will turn on and off to maintain the temperature setting. The OVEN HEATING Indicator Light will turn on and off with the elements.

NOTE: The top element helps heat during baking/roasting, but does not turn red.

 When baking/roasting is done, turn both the Oven Selector and the Oven Temperature Control Knob to OFF. The OVEN HEATING Indicator Light will go off.







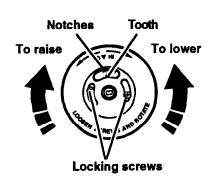
Adjusting the oven temperature control

Oven temperature controls will gradually shift after years of use. So, even though your new oven is properly adjusted to provide accurate temperatures, it may cook faster or slower than your old oven.

If, after using the oven for a period of time, you are not satisfied with the temperature settings, you can adjust them by following these steps:

- Make sure the Oven Temperature
 Control Knob is turned to the off position.
 Pull knob straight off and flip it over.
- Loosen the locking screws inside the control knob. Note the position of the notches.
- To lower the temperature, hold knob handle firmly and move the tooth a notch counterclockwise. Each notch equals about 10°F (5°C).
- 4. To raise the temperature, hold knob handle firmly and move the tooth a notch clockwise. Each notch equals about 10°F (5°C).
- 5. **Tighten** the locking screws and **replace** the control knob.





Broiling

- Position the rack properly before turning on the oven. Position rack so that the surface of the food is at least 3 inches (7.4 cm) away from the broil element. See "Broiling rack position chart" on page 15.
- 2. Put the broiler pan and food on the rack.
- Close the door to the Broil Stop position (open about 4 inches [10.2 cm]). The door will stay open by itself.
- Set the Oven Selector and Oven Temperature Control Knob to BROIL. The OVEN HEATING Indicator Light will come on.

NOTE: Do not preheat oven when broiling.

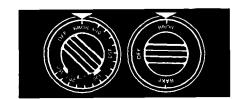
 When broiling is done, turn both the Oven Selector and Oven Temperature Control Knob to OFF. The OVEN HEAT-ING Indicator Light will go off.

Custom broil

- If food is cooking too fast, turn the Oven Temperature Control Knob counterclockwise until the OVEN HEATING Indicator Light goes off.
- If you want the food to broil slower from the start, set the Oven Temperature Control Knob between 170°F and 325°F (77°C and 163°C). These temperature settings allow the broil heating element to cycle and to slow cooking. The lower the temperature, the slower the cooking.
- Fish and chicken are some foods that may cook better if you use lower broiling temperatures.

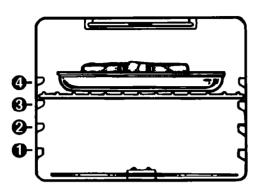
The Oven Selector must be on BROIL for all broiling temperatures.

NOTE: Leave the oven door partly open whenever using the oven to broil. This allows the oven to maintain proper temperatures.



Broiling rack position chart

RACK POSITION FROM BOTTOM	TYPE OF FOOD/ DONENESS
4	Hamburger patties and thin steaks, ½" thick or less
3	Quickly searing food, rare and medium steaks, medium patties, ham slices, fish steaks, frankfurters
2	Well-done steaks and patties, lamb chops, split chicken, pork steaks and chops, whole fish



Broiling tips

- Use the broiler pan and grid for broiling.
 They are designed to drain excess liquid
 and grease away from the cooking
 surface to help prevent spatter, smoke
 or fire.
- After broiling, remove the broiler pan from the oven when you remove the food.
 Drippings will bake on the pan if you leave it in the heated oven.

AWARNING

Fire Hazard

- Place meat the correct distance from the element. Meat placed too close to the element could spatter, smoke, burn or catch fire during broiling.
- To ensure adequate grease drainage, do not use cookie sheets or similar pans for broiling. Also, covering the broiler grid with foil is not recommended. Poor drainage of grease could result in fire. If foil is used, cut slits in foil to line up with all openings in broiler grid. Grease can then drain away and cool in pan.

Energy saving tips

Although the energy used for cooking is usually a very small percentage of the total energy used in the home, cooking energy can be used efficiently. Here are some tips to help you save energy when using your cooking product:

- Use pans with flat bottoms, straight sides and tight-fitting lids.
- Match the pan to the surface unit size.
- Cook with a minimum of liquid or fat to help shorten cooking time.
- Preheat pans only when recommended and for the shortest time possible.
- Start food on higher heat settings, then set surface unit control on low or off to finish cooking. Use retained heat for cooking when possible.
- Use the more efficient surface units instead of the oven when possible.

- Turn on the surface unit only after placing filled pan on the unit.
- "Oven peeking" may cause heat loss, longer cooking times and unsatisfactory baking results. Rely on your timer to keep track of the cooking time.
- Bake cakes, pies or cookies when oven is warm. Best time to bake is right after a meal has been cooked in oven.
- Preheat the oven no longer than necessary.
- Plan your meals for the most efficient use of the range. When using the oven to cook one food, try to cook the rest of the meal in it also.
- Do not preheat when broiling, roasting or cooking items such as casseroles.
- Keep reflector bowls clean for best heat reflection.

The oven vent

Hot air and moisture escape from the oven through a vent under the right rear surface unit. You can cook on the unit or keep food warm on it while the oven is on. The vent is needed for air circulation. **Do not block the** vent. Poor baking/roasting can result.

NOTE: Plastic utensils left over the vent can melt.

Oven vent (Control of the Control of

AWARNING

Burn and Fire Hazard

- If you leave a utensil on the right rear surface unit, use potholders when moving it. Pan handles could become hot enough to burn.
- Keep flammable materials away from oven vent. Failure to do so could result in burns or a fire.

The storage drawer

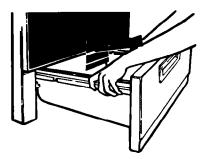
You can remove the storage drawer to make it easier to clean under the range and to check for installation of the anti-tip floor bracket (if you have one). **Use care when handling the drawer.**

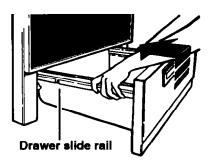
Removing the storage drawer:

- Empty drawer of any pots and pans before removing. Pull drawer straight out to the first stop. Lift front and pull out to the second stop.
- 2. Lift back slightly and slide drawer all the way out.



- 1. Fit ends of drawer slide rails into the drawer guides on both sides of opening.
- Lift drawer front and push in until metal stops on drawer slide rails clear white stops on drawer guides. Lift drawer front again to clear second stop and slide drawer closed.





The anti-tip bracket

The range will not tip during normal use. However, tipping can occur if you apply too much force or weight to the open door without the anti-tip bracket properly secured.



AWARNING

Personal Injury Hazard

- To reduce risk of range tipping over, secure range with a properly installed anti-tip bracket supplied with range or an optional wallmounted anti-tip bracket kit.
- If range is moved for cleaning or service, check that anti-tip device is engaged before using range.

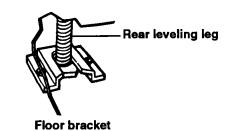
Failure to follow the above precautions could result in personal injury.

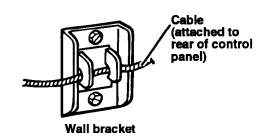
To verify the anti-tip bracket is engaged (if you have a floor bracket):

- Remove the storage drawer. (See page 17.)
- Look to see if the anti-tip bracket is attached to floor with screws.
- Make sure one rear leveling leg is positioned under the anti-tip bracket.
- See Installation Instructions for further details.

To verify the anti-tip bracket is engaged (if you have a wall bracket):

- Look to see if the anti-tip bracket is attached with screws to the wall behind the control panel.
- Make sure the cable on the back of the range is secured by the two hooks on the bracket.
- Cable must be unhooked from wall bracket to move range for cleaning or service. Reconnect cable before using range.
- See Installation Instructions for further details.





Caring For Your Range

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Your range is designed for easy care. You can do most cleaning with items found around your home. Cleaning your range whenever spills or soiling occurs will help to keep it looking and operating like new.

AWARNING

Burn and Electrical Shock Hazard

Make sure all controls are OFF and the range is cool before cleaning.

Failure to do so could result in burns or electrical shock.

Surface units and reflector bowls

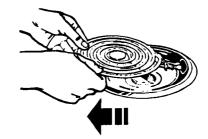
Removing

- Make sure all surface units are off and cool before removing surface units and reflector bowls.
- 2. Lift the edge of the unit, opposite the receptacle, just enough to clear the element hold-down clip and the reflector bowl.
- 3. Pull the surface unit straight away from the receptacle.

4. Lift out the reflector bowl. See "Cleaning chart" on page 24 for cleaning instructions.









CARING FOR YOUR RANGE

Replacing

- Make sure all surface units are off and cool before replacing surface units and reflector bowls.
- 2. Line up openings in the reflector bowl with the surface unit receptacle and the element hold-down clip.
- Hold the surface unit as level as possible with the terminal just started into the receptacle. Push the surface unit terminal into the receptacle.

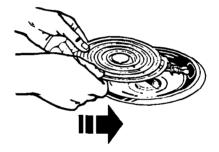
4. When terminal is pushed into the receptacle as far as it will go, push down the edge of the surface unit opposite the receptacle. The element hold-down clip will keep the surface unit from moving around.

NOTE: Reflector bowls reflect heat back to the utensils on the surface units. They also help catch spills. When they are kept clean, they reflect heat better and look new longer.

If a reflector bowl gets discolored, some of your utensils may not be flat enough, or some may be too large for the surface unit. In either case, some of the heat that's meant to go into or around a utensil goes down and heats the reflector bowl. This extra heat can discolor it.









Lift-up cooktop

1. Lift front of cooktop at both front corners until the support rods lock into place.

AWARNING

Personal Injury Hazard

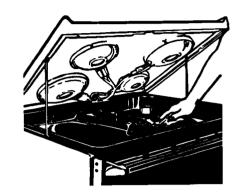
Be sure both support rods are fully extended and in the locked position. Failure to do so could result in personal injury from the cooktop accidentally falling.

Product Damage Hazard

Do not drop the cooktop.

Damage could result to the porcelain and the cooktop frame.

- 2. Wipe with warm, soapy water. Use a soapy steel-wool pad on heavily soiled areas.
- To lower the cooktop, lift cooktop from both sides while pressing the support rods back to unlock them. Lower the cooktop into place.



Removing the oven door

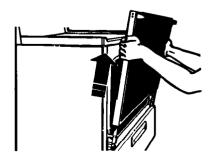
Removing the oven door will help make it easier to clean the oven.

AWARNING

Burn and Electrical Shock Hazard

Make sure all controls are OFF and the oven is cool before removing oven door. Failure to do so could result in burns or electrical shock.

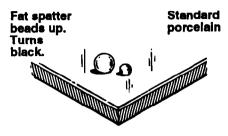
- 1. Open the door to the first stop position.
- 2. Hold the door at both sides and lift it at the same angle it is in.
- 3. To replace, fit the bottom corners of the door over the ends of the hinges. Push the door down evenly. The door will close only when it is on the hinges correctly.



The continuous-cleaning oven

(Model FEC330B)

Standard-cleaning oven walls are coated with smooth porcelain. Your continuous-cleaning oven walls are coated with a special, rougher porcelain. A fat spatter beads up on the smooth surface, but spreads out on the rougher surface. The bead of fat on the smooth surface chars and turns black. The spread-out fat on the rough surface gradually burns away at medium to high baking temperatures so the oven can return to a presentably clean condition.



Fat spatter spreads out. Burns away.

Continuouscleaning porcelain



Using foil

Use foil on the oven bottom to catch sugar and starchy spills from pies and casseroles. It must be used properly. Cut foil from a roll of heavy-duty 18-inch (45 cm) aluminum foil, or buy a foil kit (Part No. 241430) from your Roper Appliance dealer.

AWARNING

Burn, Electrical Shock and Product Damage Hazard

- Make sure all controls are OFF and the oven is cool before using foil.
 Failure to do so could result in burns or electrical shock.
- Do not let foil touch the bake element.
 It could damage the element. Make sure foil is flat on the bottom and away from the bake element.
- 1. Turn off all controls.
- 2. Lift the cool bake element slightly to lift the feet off the oven bottom.
- 3. Slide the foil under the bake element.

 Make sure the foil is centered and long enough to start up both side oven walls without wrinkling. For proper baking, lower the bake element so all feet rest solidly on the foil.

Cleaning tips

- 1. The oven window and racks are not coated. Clean them by hand.
- 2. The oven door does not get as hot as the walls. Some hand-cleaning may be needed.
- 3. If you do more broiling than baking, hand-cleaning may be needed.
- 4. Use aluminum foil on the oven bottom according to instructions. Spillovers may not burn away and could stain the bottom.

Hand-cleaning

AWARNING

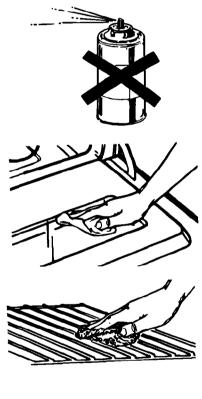
Personal Injury Hazard

Do not use oven cleaning products. Some could become trapped in the porcelain surface and give off harmful fumes.

WINDOW-Keep clean with warm, soapy water. Use a plastic scrubbing pad for heavily soiled areas. Rinse well. Do not use steel wool or abrasive cleansers.

RACKS—Use a soapy steel-wool pad for best cleaning results. Rinse well.

WALLS AND DOORS—Wash with warm, soapy water. Use a steel-wool pad or plastic scrubbing pad for heavily soiled areas. Rinse well.





Cleaning chart

Use the following table to help you clean all parts of your range.

PART	WHAT TO USE	HOW TO CLEAN
Control knobs	Sponge and warm, soapy water	Turn knobs to OFF and pull straight away from control panel.
		Wash, rinse and dry thoroughly. Do not soak. Do not use steel wool or abrasive cleansers. They may damage the finish of the knobs.
		 Replace knobs. Make sure all knobs point to OFF.
Control panel	Sponge and warm, soapy water OR	 Wash, rinse and dry thoroughly. Do not use steel wool or abrasive cleansers. They may damage the finish.
	Paper towel and spray glass cleaner	Do not spray cleaner directly on panel. Apply cleaner to paper towel.
Exterior surfaces (other than control panel)	Sponge and warm, soapy water	Wash, rinse and dry thoroughly. Use nonabrasive, plastic scrubbing pad on heavily soiled areas.
		Do not use abrasive or harsh cleansers. They may damage the finish. NOTE: Do not allow foods containing acids (such as vinegar, tomato or lemon juice) to remain on surface. Acids may remove the glossy finish. Also wipe up milk or egg spills when cooktop is cool.
Surface units	No cleaning required	Spatters or spills will burn off.Do not immerse in water.
Chrome reflector bowls	Warm, soapy water and a nonabrasive, plastic scrubbing pad	 Wash, rinse and dry thoroughly. Clean frequently. Do not use abrasive or harsh cleansers.
Broiler pan and grid (clean after each use)	Steel-wool pad and warm, soapy water	Wash, rinse and dry thoroughly.
Oven racks	Steel-wool pad and warm, soapy water	Wash, rinse and dry thoroughly.
Oven door glass	Paper towel and spray glass cleaner OR Warm, soapy water and a nonabrasive, plastic scrubbing pad	 Make sure oven is cool. Follow directions provided with the cleaner. Wash, rinse and dry thoroughly.

CARING FOR YOUR RANGE

PART	WHAT TO USE	HOW TO CLEAN
Oven cavity (Models FEP330B and FEP350B)	Sponge and warm, soapy water Soapy steel-wool pad for heavily soiled areas	 Remove door for easier access. (See page 21.) Wash, rinse and dry well. Rinse well with water.
	OR	
	Commercial oven cleaner for heavily soiled areas	Remove door for easier access. Place newspaper on floor to protect floor surface.
		Follow directions provided with the oven cleaner.
1		Rinse well with clear water.
		 Use in well-ventilated room. Do not allow commercial oven cleaners to contact the heating elements, heat seal, thermostat or exterior surfaces of the range. Damage will occur.
	Heavy-duty aluminum foil or shallow pan used while cooking	Place piece of foil or shallow pan, slightly larger than the cooking container, on lower rack to catch spillovers.
		NOTE: Do not use foil or foil liner to cover the oven floor. Poor baking/ roasting results could occur.
Oven cavity (Model FEC330B)	Steel-wool pad and warm, soapy water	Make sure oven is cool. Remove door for easier access. Clean heavily soiled areas or stains. Rinse well with water.
	Heavy-duty aluminum foil	 Place piece of foil on oven floor to catch spillovers. Make sure the foil is centered and long enough to start up both side oven walls without wrinkling. DO NOT USE COMMERCIAL OVEN CLEANERS.
		Most fat spatters on oven walls and floor will gradually reduce to a presentably clean condition during baking.

The oven light

(Models FEP330B and FEP350B)

The oven light will come on when you use the Oven Light Switch on the control panel.

AWARNING

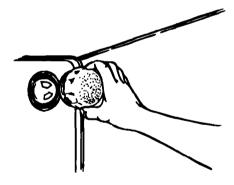
Electrical Shock and Personal Injury Hazard

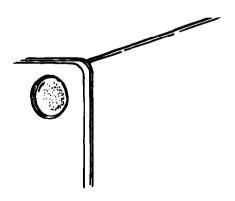
- Make sure oven and light bulb are cool and power to the range has been turned OFF before replacing the light bulb. Failure to do so could result in electrical shock or burns.
- The bulb cover must be in place when using the oven. The cover protects the bulb from breaking, and from high oven temperatures. Because bulb cover is made of glass, be careful not to drop it. Broken glass could cause injury.

To replace the oven light:

- 1. **Unplug** appliance or **disconnect** at main power supply.
- Remove the glass bulb cover in the back of the oven by screwing it out counterclockwise.
- Remove the light bulb from its socket.
 Replace the bulb with a 40-watt appliance bulb.

 Replace the bulb cover by screwing it in clockwise. Plug in appliance or reconnect at the main power supply.





If You Need Assistance Or Service

This section is designed to help you save the cost of a service call. Part 1 of this section outlines possible problems, their causes, and actions you can take to solve each problem. Parts 2 and 3 tell you what to do if you still need assistance or service. When calling our toll-free telephone number for help or calling for service, please provide a detailed description of the problem, your appliance's complete model and serial numbers and the purchase date. (See page 2.) This information will help us respond properly to your request.

1. Before calling for assistance ...

Performance problems often result from little things you can find and fix without tools of any kind. Please check the chart below for problems you can fix. It could save you the cost of a service call.

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SOLUTION
Nothing will operate	The power cord is not plugged into a live circuit with proper voltage.	Plug the power cord into a live circuit with proper voltage. (See Installation Instructions.)
	A household fuse has blown or a circuit breaker has tripped.	Replace household fuse or reset circuit breaker.
The oven will not operate	You have not turned the Oven Selector to BAKE or BROIL.	Turn the Oven Selector to the desired setting.
	You have not turned the Oven Temperature Control Knob to a temperature setting.	Turn the Oven Temperature Control Knob to a temperature setting.
The surface units will not	A household fuse has blown or a circuit breaker has tripped.	Replace household fuse or reset circuit breaker.
operate	You have not plugged in surface units all the way.	Turn control knobs to OFF and plug surface units in all the way. (See "Replacing" on page 20.)
	You are not setting the control knobs correctly.	Push control knobs in before turning to a setting.
Control knob(s) will not turn	You are not pushing in before turning.	Push control knob(s) in before turning to a setting.

continued on next page

. IF YOU NEED ASSISTANCE OR SERVICE

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SOLUTION
Soil is visible on continuous- cleaning oven finish (Model FEC330B)	You broil often.	The special finish is designed to gradually reduce oven soil during normal baking or roasting. It is not designed to keep your oven spotless, only presentably clean. If you broil often, you may see oven soil. Follow hand-cleaning tips on page 23.
	Soil is on door.	The door is cooler than the oven walls. Soil will be more visible on the door than other areas in the oven. See hand-cleaning tips on page 23.
	Soil is caused by sugar and starchy spills.	Sugar and starchy spills may leave stains. See page 23 for hand-cleaning tips. Keep foil on oven bottom to catch these spills.
Cooking results are not what	The range is not level.	Level range. (See Installation Instructions.)
you expected	The oven temperature seems too low or too high.	Adjust the oven temperature control. (See "Adjusting the oven temperature control" on page 13.)
	You have not preheated the oven as the recipe calls for.	Preheat oven if called for in recipe.
	The recipe has never been tested or is not from a reliable source.	Use only tested recipes from a reliable source.
	The pans are not the type or size recommended in the recipe.	Refer to a reliable cookbook for recommended pan type and size.
	There is not proper air circulation around pan when baking.	Allow 1½ to 2 inches (4-5 cm) on all sides of the pans for air circulation. There must be a minimum space of 1 inch (2.5 cm).
	The cooking utensils are not the proper shape or do not fit the surface units being used.	Use cooking utensils with smooth, flat bottoms that fit the surface units being used.

IF YOU NEED ASSISTANCE OR SERVICE

2. If you need assistance ...

Call our toll-free telephone number. Dial toll-free from anywhere in the U.S.A.:

1-800-44-ROPER (1-800-447-6737)

and talk with one of our trained consultants. The consultant can instruct you in how to obtain satisfactory operation from your appliance or, if service is necessary, recommend a qualified service company in your area.

For further information, write to:

Mr. William Clark Consumer Assistance Representative Roper Brand Appliances 2000 M-63

Benton Harbor, MI 49022

Please include a daytime phone number in your correspondence.

3. If you need service ...

Contact the dealer from whom you purchased the appliance or the authorized servicer in your area. For help finding an authorized servicer in your area, call our toll-free telephone number in Step 2.

4. If you need FSP® replacement parts ...

FSP is a registered trademark of Whirlpool Corporation for quality parts. Look for this symbol of quality whenever you need a replacement part for your Roper® appliance. FSP replacement parts will fit right and work right, because they are made to the same exacting specifications used to build every new Roper appliance.

To locate FSP replacement parts in your area, refer to Step 3 above or call our toll-free telephone number in Step 2.

5. If you are not satisfied with how the problem was solved ...

- Contact the Major Appliance Consumer Action Panel (MACAP). MACAP is a group of independent consumer experts that voices consumer views at the highest levels of the major appliance industry.
- Contact MACAP only when the dealer, authorized servicer and Roper Brand Appliance warrantor have failed to resolve your problem.

Major Appliance Consumer Action Panel 20 North Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606

MACAP will in turn inform us of your action.

ROPER° Electric Range Warranty

LENGTH OF WARRANTY	WE WILL PAY FOR
FULL ONE-YEAR WARRANTY (from date of purchase)	FSP ^e replacement parts and repair labor to correct defects in materials or workmanship. Service must be provided by an authorized Roper service company.
WE WILL NOT DAY FOR	

WE WILL NOT PAY FOR

- A. Service calls to:
 - 1. Correct the installation of your range.
 - 2. Instruct you how to use your range.
 - 3. Replace house fuses or correct house wiring.
 - 4. Replace owner accessible light bulbs.
- B. Repairs when your range is used in other than normal, single-family household use.
- C. Pickup and delivery. Your range is designed to be repaired in the home.
- **D.** Damage to your range caused by accident, misuse, fire, flood, acts of God, or use of products not approved by us.
- **E.** Repairs to parts or systems caused by unauthorized modifications made to the appliance.

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This Roper appliance is warranted by Whirlpool Corporation. Under no circumstances shall it be liable under this warranty for incidental or consequential damages and all implied warranties are limited to the same time period stated in the express warranties for Roper Brand Appliances. Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, or limitation of implied warranties, so these limitations or exclusions may not apply to you.

This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

Outside the United States, a different warranty may apply. For details, please contact your authorized Roper distributor or military exchange.

If you need service, first see the "Assistance or Service" section of this book. After checking "Assistance or Service," additional help can be found by calling our toll-free telephone number. 1-800-44-ROPER (1-800-447-6737), from anywhere in the U.S.A.

